On talking terms
with dying and dead trees
in urban forest

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skupina Javni holding Ljubljana



Photo: Branko Čeak (Archive the City of Ljubljana)

A little bit of history...

In 1888, the forestry commissioner of the then provincial government, Ferdinand Pjetschka, created a detailed forestry management plan; "the character of the forest park should remain preserved."

(In 1900, approximately 36,547 inhabitants).

In 1910, the provincial forest inspector Rubbia criticized conservative (sanitary) logging; "the forest serves for the recreation and health of the city's population; numerous trails, unjustifiably created by pedestrians, should be abandoned, closed, or dug up; walking off the paths should be prohibited, as well as the harmful picking of berries and fruits that damage forest growth; a forest guard should be appointed; the half-hectare forest park above the Tivoli Hotel should be managed according to gardening principles, not economic ones, to make it as beautiful as possible."

In 1919, Zierenfeld stated: "<u>the entire forest should be treated and maintained as a forest park because</u> the population has significantly increased and needs recreation; chestnut trees should be cut down because people damage young trees when picking chestnuts."

In 1944, the City People's Committee, along with the Nature Conservation committee and Forestry Institute, designated roads and paths accessible to walkers, as well as for cars, riding, and cycling; "The population should be asked to comply with the regulations and help preserve the forest park – a valuable public asset; young people should be taught to understand nature conservation in school."

(In 2024, approximately 297,575 inhabitants.)





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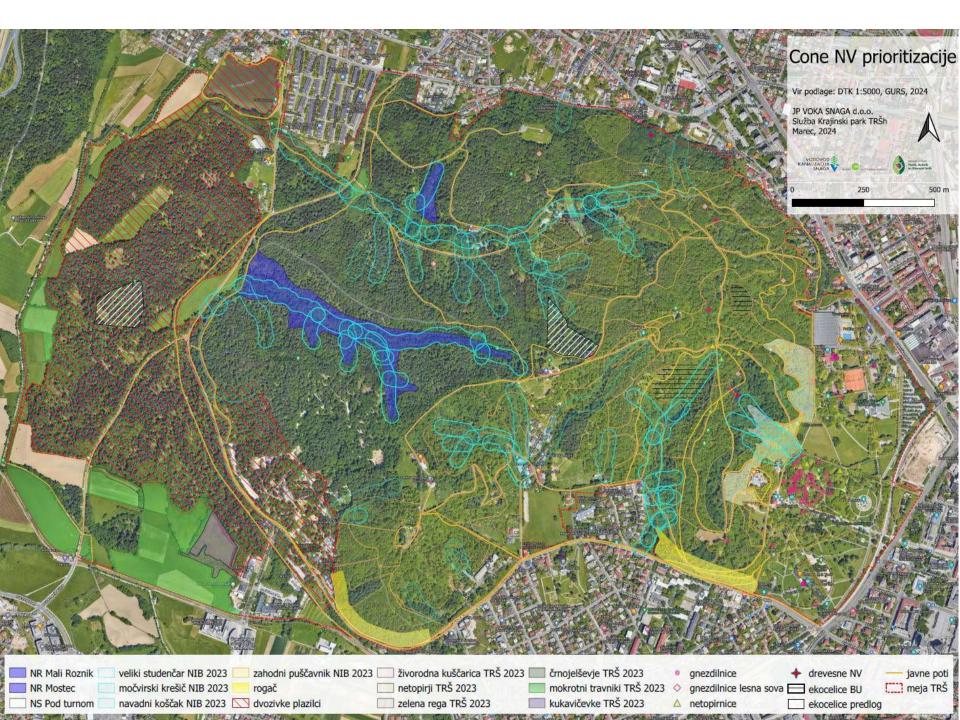










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